REGISTERED NUMBER: 03331929 (England and Wales)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
AUDITED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011
FOR

NATIONAL MILK RECORDS PLC

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NATIONAL MILK RECORDS PLC

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

DIRECTORS:

Mr A J Warne
Ms J L Marshall
Mr T Lloyd
Mr H I Smith
Mr C T Hughes
Mr P H Kirkham

Mr D J Thomas

SECRETARY:

Mr C T Hughes

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Fox Talbot House

Unit 4 Greenways Business Park

Bellinger Close CHIPPENHAM Wiltshire SN15 1BN

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03331929 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Monahans Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditors 38-42 Newport Street

SWINDON Wiltshire SN1 3DR

BANKERS:

Bank of Scotland PO Box 112 Canons House Canons Way Bristol BS99 7LB

SOLICITORS:

Penningtons Abacus House 33 Gutter Lane London EC2V 8AR

OVERVIEW AND CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

National Milk Records plc, the PLUS-quoted leading supplier of dairy and livestock services, is pleased to announce its audited results for the year ended 31 March 2011.

Overview

- Increased revenues and dividend of 2 pence per share

- Expanded geographic presence through Joint Venture to provide payment testing services to Irish dairy market
- Successful diversification of current product offering to include fertility aid Silent HerdsmanTM highly encouraging uptake in the UK
- Post year end acquisition of a new property to consolidate testing facilities, providing savings of £150,000 per annum
- Defined growth strategy to take advantage of strong market conditions bolstered by concerns regarding global food shortages and food traceability
- Share Reorganisation implemented to reduce number of legacy shareholders to a more appropriate size

NMR Managing Director Andy Warne said, "We are delighted to report a dividend of 2 pence per share on the back of what has been a highly active year for NMR. Over the last 12 months we have successfully consolidated our shareholder base, strengthened our product offering and raised our profile both in the UK and further afield.

"The market conditions within the dairy industry are highly conducive for growth and we are confident that we are positioned to capitalise upon this. Worldwide demands for increased food production, and stipulations from all major retailers for milk traceability has made milk recording a near necessity for all dairy farmers. NMR is already recording from 50 per cent. of the cows in the UK and with only one other major recording organisation operating in market, we are rapidly gaining more business from non-recording farmers. Importantly, with the infrastructure in place to accommodate further customers, growth can be achieved with marginal investment."

Chairman's Statement

It has been a successful year for NMR both on an operational and corporate level. We have established a formal presence in Ireland, trading has strengthened across our divisions and importantly, having conducted a share consolidation to dramatically decrease our shareholder register and reduced associated costs over the period, I am pleased to announce that we are now ideally placed to award a dividend of 2 pence per share for the year.

NMR operates through three divisions, which expand the Company's reach across various areas of the dairy industry: National Milk Records, which provides management information to farmers regarding individual cow performance in terms of milk quality, yield and fertility; National Milk Laboratories, an independent milk testing division for milk buyers, and National Livestock Records, which provides support to the red meat industry, facilitating the growing requirement for traceability in this sector.

As the leading provider of milk recording services in the UK, NMR's offering is increasingly attractive to farming professionals, retailers and policy-makers alike as concerns about a potential global food shortage between 2020 and 2040 rise. As the global population and household incomes continue to increase, so too does the number of consumers for which to provide. As this development continues, the demand for higher quality food is also predicted to increase, presenting NMR with a strong environment for expansion. We have already experienced increased trading on the back of this over recent years and we are confident that this will play a key role in our future growth.

National Milk Records

Milk recording continues to be at the core of the business and we are consistently looking for new ways to improve our services. Our disease testing capabilities are a key revenue driver in the business, particularly as concerns regarding food providence increase, and we continue to test herds on behalf of the majority of major UK dairy industry bodies to ensure that the quality of the milk is maintained.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

During the period we were pleased to Increase our product offering through our distribution agreement with Embedded Technology Solutions ('ETS') to distribute Silent HerdsmanTM, an intelligent, electronic monitoring collar designed to detect a cow's oestrus events, to the UK dairy industry. As reported in our interims, uptake amongst new and existing customers has been excellent due to the product's superior ability to significantly improve the efficiency of reproductive operations within the herd during the insemination process. Going forward, we hope to strengthen this relationship further and will update shareholders accordingly.

National Milk Laboratories ('NML')

NML has made strong progress over the year. Already testing the quality of over 95 per cent. of the milk in the UK before it is sold to consumers in the UK and Scotland, we were pleased to announce a formal move into southern Ireland in September 2010. Our proprietary payment testing business in Ireland is now marketed and delivered through Independent Milk Laboratories Limited ('iML') a company that we have set up with Irish farming cooperative Progressive Genetics Ireland Limited. We have focussed on moving into this highly attractive dairy market over recent years and iML has received a positive reception since it was established, particularly due to our association with a local leader in dairy services, which strengthens our credibility in the country.

We have a strong team on the board of iML, including Riona Sayers as CEO, a leading researcher of infectious diseases in dairy herds, and Professor Paddy Wall, one of Europe's most pre-eminent authorities on food quality, as Chairman. With this in mind, I am confident that our operations in Ireland will continue to add value to NMR and I look forward to updating shareholders over the coming months.

Additionally, we were pleased to announce in June 2011 the purchase of a freehold building in Wolverhampton for £475,000 to be used as the Company's only laboratory in England and Wales, consolidating the Company's current testing facilities. This will provide savings of up to £150,000 per year and will be funded by a 15 year mortgage rolling every three years. The purchase provides immediate cash flow advantage to the Company. It will also be used as a central transport depot for NMR's vehicles currently operating from a leased site in Stone, Staffordshire. Refurbishment work, which is anticipated to cost circa £325,000, is expected to begin in August and the laboratory is expected to be operational in Q1 2012.

National Livestock Records ('NLR')

Work with the Welsh Assembly Government on The Technology, Agriculture and Greater Efficiencies Project ('TAG') is ongoing, aimed at increasing traceability and efficiency in the Welsh sheep industry. This continues to be a significant source of revenue and provides us with a foothold from which to develop services to the wider UK sheep industry. We are also seeing growth in our ear tag distribution service, Nordic Star.

Financials

NMR continues to be highly cash generative and trading across all three divisions has been strong. I am pleased to report a net profit before tax and FRS 17 interest of £387,000 (2010: £504,000) on an increased turnover of £16,801,000 (2010: £15,896,000). The costs for the year include £93,000 relating to the share consolidation, and an increase of over £100,000 in the compulsory levy to the pension protection fund. Both costs can be considered as non-recurring and thus the underlying trend in profit is satisfactory. Our cash position at the year end is affected by working capital of some £300,000 tied up in Silent HerdsmanTM which is expected to generate cash this year. Thus the net overdraft of £86,000 at the year end (2010 credit £297,000) belies the fact that our trading is cash generative.

In November 2010, NMR undertook a reorganisation of the NMR share capital to reduce the number of shareholders on the Company's register to a level more consistent with a company of NMR's size. We are confident that this has stimulated trading in our shares and has reduced the number of shareholders who are no longer engaged with the Company. This has provided us with the opportunity to generate value for our reduced shareholder base and we look forward to benefitting from this going forward.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

In view of the consistent profitability of the Company over recent years, and the recently decreased share register, the Board considers it appropriate, having taken into account existing cash flow, capex commitments, and the Company's prospects to recommend the payment of a dividend of 2 pence per share. The total dividend amounts to £146,967.

Pension

We take our commitments to our pensioners and deferred pensioners seriously and we believe that our business plan will generate sufficient cash to allow us to invest in the growth of our business whilst agreeing with the Trustee a phased payment plan to meet the deficit in the fund. This should allow us to substantially reduce the inherent risk within a five year period.

Outlook

Over the past year, we have successfully reached key milestones which have added considerable value to the NMR offering and I am confident that the year ahead will be one of growth. Having made strong progress in expanding our geographic presence through our payment testing venture in Ireland, we are now well positioned to increase our presence in these markets and look forward to updating shareholders accordingly.

Market sentiment and concerns regarding food security and quality control provide our milk recording and payment testing divisions with an exciting market in which to operate. Going forward, we will be focussed on maintaining our position at the forefront of our sector, and working with dairy industry bodies to service the growing demand for good quality dairy products.

Finally, I'd like to thank all NMR employees for their hard work over the year and shareholders for their support over the past 12 months.

Philip Kirkham Chairman

\3 July 2011

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

Board of Directors

The Board currently comprises two executive directors and five non-executive directors, three of whom are farmers. The roles of the Chairman, who is non-executive and elected on an annual basis by the Board, and the Managing Director, are separated. The Managing Director, supported by the executive Director, is responsible for the operating performance of the company.

A formal schedule of matters requiring Board approval is maintained, and covers such areas as future strategy, approval of budgets, financial results, board appointments and dividend policy. The Board normally meets on a monthly basis and additional meetings are called if required. It is considered that adequate information is provided to allow directors to discharge their duties and they may take independent advice at the company's expense. They seek to understand the views of shareholders about the company.

All directors are subject to retirement by rotation and their re-election is a matter for the shareholders.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises Mr Kirkham and Mrs Marshall, with Mr Smith as Chairman. Its task is to determine the remuneration and other benefits of the company's Chairman, Managing Director, and other executive directors and designated senior managers. Remuneration of the non-executive directors is determined by the Chairman and executive directors.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises Mr Thomas and Mrs Marshall, with Mr Smlth as Chairman. Its principal role is to monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the group, reviewing significant reporting issues and judgements which they contain. It also monitors the major risks which face the group.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises Messrs Lloyd and Warne with Mr Kirkham as Chairman. Its remit is to review the size, skills and composition of the Board, and to carry out succession planning for it and the senior executive, identifying candidates where appropriate.

Board attendance of directors

Number of meetings in year ended 31 March 2011. Attendance of directors:

P Kirkham	-	100%
A Warne	-	100%
J Marshall	_	90%
C Hughes		90%
B Thomas	-	90%
I Smith	-	100%
T Lloyd	-	100%

Average % attendance - 95.7%

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31st March 2011.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of the provision of management information, predominantly to the agricultural industry.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

A review of the business is contained in the Chairman's report.

The group profit before tax for the year amounted to £706,000 (2010: £230,000).

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There are a range of risks and uncertainties facing the company and the list below is not intended to be exhaustive. The focus is on those specific risks and uncertainties that the directors believe could have a significant impact on the group's performance, as analysed by its key performance indicators.

Market conditions

Levels of business activity will vary for each of the markets in which NMR operates, but ultimately this is dependent on factors such as economic cycles, government legislation, growth of the economy and environmental factors.

Competitive pressures

The group operates in competitive markets with differing characteristics. Market share could be affected by the emergence of new competitors or technological advances in products.

Customers

The group must maintain its ability to continue to provide an innovative service to the local customer base and develop in a profitable way in an increasingly price sensitive market. If the group fails to do this, customers may spend less with NMR.

FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors monitor the group's progress against its strategic objectives and the financial performance of the group's operations on a regular basis. Details of the most significant key performance indicators (KPIs) used by the group are as follows:

Turnover (growth)

NMR views change in the market as an opportunity to grow, and to use its profits and ability to develop and produce innovative products, services and solutions that satisfy emerging customer needs. Growth comes from taking considered risks, based on the state of the industry, but also in inducing change in the industry in which NMR operates.

For the year ended 31 March 2011, turnover was £16,801,000 (2010: £15,896,000), this represents a 5.7% increase on the previous year. NMR has been focusing on stabilizing its traditional core business and developing new innovative products and services which should lead to turnover growth over the next few years.

Profitability

In order to be successful, NMR needs to achieve sufficient profit to finance growth, create value for the group's shareholders and provide the resource needed to achieve any of the group's other objectives.

For the year ended 31 March 2011, gross profit was £4,006,000. This was up 5% from the year ended 31 March 2010 (£3,815,000). Profit before tax, excluding the effects of FRS 17 interest, was £387,000 representing a 23% decrease on the previous year (2010 - £504,000). The costs for the year include a one off amount of £93,000 relating to the share consolidation and an increase of over £100,000 in the compulsory levy to the pension protection fund. This levy will reduce again in 2011/12.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

MARKET SHARE

The group aims to extend market share by continually providing useful and significant products, services and solutions to markets it already serves and to expand into new areas that build on National Milk Records' competencies and customer interests. The group aims to be influential in the markets in which it operates.

EMPLOYEE INVOLVEMENT

The group has a well established structure to communicate with employees at every level and to encourage their involvement regarding the group's performance and future activities.

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

The group gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person.

Where existing employees become disabled, it is the group's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever appropriate.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors are pleased to recommend the payment of dividend of 2 pence per ordinary share amounting to £147,000 (2010: No dividend was declared).

FIXED ASSETS

Details of the group's fixed assets are in note 10 of the financial statements. There is no significant anticipated difference between the current book value and the market value of the freehold property in its current usage.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The directors will continue to focus on the core business of the company and its subsidiary undertakings, whilst looking to take advantage of new opportunities as they arise. Further details of expected future developments are provided in the Chairman and Managing Director's Statement.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st April 2010 to the date of this report.

Mr A J Warne

Ms J L Marshall

Mr T Lloyd

Mr H I Smith

Mr C T Hughes

Mr P H Kirkham

Mr D J Thomas

GROUP'S POLICY ON PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

It is the group's policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms and conditions agreed between the group and its suppliers, provided that all trading terms and conditions have been complied with.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company holds or Issues financial instruments in order to achieve three main objectives, being:

- (a) to finance its operations;
- (b) to manage its exposure to interest and currency risks arising from its operations and from its sources of finance; and
- (c) trading purposes.

In addition, various financial instruments (e.g. trade debtors, trade creditors, accruais and prepayments) arise directly from the company's operations.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISION

The company has granted an indemnity to one or more of its directors against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

MAJOR INTEREST IN SHARES

On 31 March 2011 the following shareholders held an interest of 3% or more in the issued share capital of the company:

Shareholder	Shareholding	% of issued Share Capital
Financial Media Holdings Limited	2,173,398	29.58%
Worship Street Investments	535,000	7.28%
National Milk Records Trustee Company	393,585	5.36%
Mr Martin Conder	250,000	3.40%

No other person has notified an interest in the ordinary shares of the company required to be disclosed in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Monahans Chartered Accountants, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

C T Hughes Director

\3.July 2011

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF NATIONAL MILK RECORDS PLC

We have audited the financial statements of National Milk Records plc for the year ended 31st March 2011 on pages eleven to thirty nine. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page eight, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the report of the directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31st March 2011 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

David Black (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Monahans Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
38-42 Newport Street

SWINDON Wiltshire SN1 3DR

13 July 2011

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

	Notes	2011 £'000	£'000	2010 £'000	£'000
GROUP TURNOVER			16,801		15,896
Cost of sales			12,795		12,081
GROSS PROFIT			4,006		3,815
Administrative expenses			3,543		3,267
GROUP OPERATING PROFIT	3		463		548
Income from interest in associated undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Other finance income	4 9 23	(32) 5 319	<u>292</u> 755	- -	 548
Interest payable and similar charges Other finance costs	5 23	49	<u>49</u>	44 274	318
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE BEFORE TAXATION	s		706		230
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6		313		121
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	R FOR TH	IE GROUP	393		109
Earnings per share expressed in pence per share: Basic Diluted	8		5.65 <u>5.44</u>		1.56 1.56

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the group's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Actuarial gain/(loss) on pension scheme Deferred tax on pension scheme	393 (124) <u>35</u>	109 144 <u>(40</u>)
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	304	213

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31ST MARCH 2011

	Notes	2011 £'000	£'000	2010 £'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Intangible assets	9		448		657
Tangible assets	10		3,910		4,179
Investments	11		149		5
			4,507		4,841
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	320		127	
Debtors	13	1,717		1,345	
Cash at bank		17		<u>297</u>	
an white and		2,054		1,769	
CREDITORS	4.4	2.001		2 200	
Amounts falling due within one year	14	<u>2,69</u> 1		2,280	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(637</u>)		<u>(511</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,870		4,330
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(474)		(779)
one year	10		(, , , ,		(113)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	20		(233)		(258)
PENSION LIABILITY	23		(1,740)		<u>(2,179)</u>
NET ASSETS			1,423		1,114
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	21		735		735
Revaluation reserve	22		1,096		1,096
Share option reserve	22		5		-
Profit and loss account	22		<u>(413</u>)		(717)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	26		1,423		1,114

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 July 2011 and were signed on its behalf by:

C T Hughes Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31ST MARCH 2011

		2011		2010	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		-		<u>.</u>
Tangible assets	10		2,918		2,920
Investments	11		<u>2,419</u>		<u>2,242</u>
			5,337		5,162
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	226		25	
Debtors	13	985		1,050	
Cash at bank		17		117	
		1,228		1,192	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	<u>2,87</u> 6		2,034	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,648)		<u>(842</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			3,689		4,320
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than					
one year	15		(474)		(779)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	20		(209)		(203)
PENSION LIABILITY	23		<u>(1,740</u>)		<u>(2,179</u>)
NET ASSETS			1,266		1,159
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	21		735		735
Revaluation reserve	22		1,096		1,096
Share option reserve	22		5		
Profit and loss account	22		<u>(570</u>)		<u>(672</u>)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	26		1,266		1,159

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 July 2011 and were signed on its behalf by:

C T Hughes Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

	Notes	2011 £'000	£'000	2010 £'000	£'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1	2.000	558	2 000	918
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	2		(44)		(44
Taxation			10		(87
Capital expenditure	2		(387)		(69
Acquisitions and disposals	2		<u>(177</u>)		
			(40)		718
Financing	2		<u>(343</u>)		(549
(Decrease) (Increase in each in the period					
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in	the period		<u>(383</u>)		<u>169</u>
Reconciliation of net cash flow		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>(383</u>)		169
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase In cash in the period		(383)	<u>(383</u>)	169	
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase In cash in the period Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease		(383)	<u>(383</u>)	169 549	
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the period Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing Change in net debt resulting from cash flows New finance leases			(40) (157)		
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase In cash in the period Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing Change in net debt resulting from cash flows	3		(40)		718

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

1.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING
	ACTIVITIES

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Operating profit	463	548
Depreciation charges	1,039	942
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(17)	(16)
Share options granted	5	-
(Increase)/Decrease in stocks	(193)	20
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors	(371)	127
Increase/ (Decrease) in creditors	112	(72)
Difference between pension charge and cash contributions	<u>(480</u>)	<u>(631</u>)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	558	918

2. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received	5	-
Interest paid	(5)	(3)
Interest element of finance lease payments	<u>(44</u>)	(41)
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing		
of finance	<u>(44</u>)	(44)
Capital expenditure		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(405)	(94)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	18	25
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	(387)	(69)
Acquisitions and disposals		
Investment in associate	<u>(177</u>)	-
Net cash outflow for acquisitions and disposals	(177)	
Financing		
New loans in year	200	
Capital repayments in year	<u>(543</u>)	<u>(549</u>)
Net cash outflow from financing	(343)	<u>(549</u>)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

3.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT	At 1.4.10 £'000	Cash flow £'000	Other non-cash changes £'000	At 31.3.11 £'000
	Net cash: Cash at bank Bank overdraft	297 	(280) (103)		17 <u>(103</u>)
		297	(383)		(86)
	Debt: Finance leases Debts falling due	(1,302)	543	(157)	(916)
	within one year	***	(200)		<u>(200</u>)
		(1,302)	<u>343</u>	<u>(157</u>)	(1,116)
	Total	(1,005)	<u>(40</u>)	<u>(157</u>)	(1,202)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Basis of consolidation

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of National Milk Records pic and all its subsidiary undertakings, together with the group's share of interests in associates made up to 31 March each year. They are prepared using uniform accounting policies. All intra-Group balances, transactions, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Turnover

Turnover is stated net of value added tax and trade discounts and represents amounts invoiced to third parties. Turnover is attributable to the supply of services to the agricultural market.

All turnover is derived from ordinary activities and has arisen within the United Kingdom.

Goodwill

Following the introduction of FRS 10, goodwill arising on consolidation, being the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the aggregate of the fair values of the separable net assets acquired, is capitalised and amortised over its useful economic life up to a maximum of 10 years. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Tangible fixed assets

All fixed assets are recorded at cost or valuation. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings - 2.5%
Leasehold buildings - 20% - 33%
Computer equipment and machinery - 10% - 33%
Motor vehicles - 25%

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

A full valuation of all freehold properties is carried out every five years and interim valuations are carried out as required. Surpluses arising from the professional valuations of properties are taken directly to the revaluation reserve.

Stocks

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Foreign currencles

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the group, and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operated both a defined benefit pension scheme and a defined contribution scheme. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the group. The group decided to move the defined benefit scheme to a defined contribution scheme during 2007. In order to avoid triggering a debt event within the scheme, the group has two active members both of whom are members of the Board.

Defined benefit pension scheme assets are measured using market value. Associated pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. Pension costs are recognised on a systematic basis in order to match the costs of providing retirement benefits evenly over the service lives of the employees concerned. Any excess or deficiency of the actuarial value of assets over the actuarial value of liabilities is allocated over the remaining service lives of current employees.

Contributions to the defined contribution schemes are expensed in the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

Treasury policy

The group holds financial instruments for two principal purposes: to finance its working capital requirements and to manage the interest risks arising from its sources of finance. The group finances its operation by a mixture of short term overdrafts and finance leases. The group borrows exclusively in Sterling with the majority of its debt being at fixed rates of interest.

The main risk arising from the groups financial instruments are liquidity and interest rate risk. These risks, and the policies to manage them, are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged this year. The group does not enter into speculative derivative contracts.

Interest rate risk

The group manages its interest rate risk primarily through the use of fixed rate finance leases, matched against the assets being acquired. It does, however, have a floating rate overdraft facility to manage day-to-day working capital requirements. Interest is expensed through the profit and loss account on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Liquidity and refinancing risk

The group's objective is to produce continuity of funding at a reasonable cost. To do this it seeks to arrange committed funding that matches the assets or working capital it is designed to fund. Funding comes from a limited number of providers.

Share options

The Company issues equity-settled share options to Group employees. Equity-settled share options are measured at fair value at the date of grant using an option pricing model. The fair value is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of the number of shares that will actually vest.

	Training of States Elac VIII according Vesti		
2.	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2011 £'000 5,791 498 224 6,513	2010 £'000 5,761 494
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	ows: 2011	2010
	Field staff Administration staff	61 <u>223</u> 284	62 221 283
3.	OPERATING PROFIT The operating profit is stated after charging/ (crediting):		
	Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on finance leases Profit on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation Auditors' remuneration - Audit services Auditors' remuneration - Other services relating to taxation Auditors' remuneration - All other services Foreign exchange differences	2011 £'000 436 393 (17) 210 32 4 1	2010 £'000 335 402 (16) 204 31 4
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes Number of share options held under long term incentive schemes	2011 £ 375,665 6,333 170,000	2010 £ 338,205 6,269
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing wa	as as follows:	
	Defined benefit schemes	2	2

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

3.	OPERATING PROFIT - continued		
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2011	2010
	Emoluments etc	£ 177,221	£ 172,133
			
	Number of share options held under long term incentive schemes	85,000	144,
4.	INCOME FROM INTEREST IN ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS		
	The financial statements include the following:		
		2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Share of pre tax profit/(loss)	(32)	
		(32)	
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR		
	CHARGES	2011	2010
	Bank Interest	£'000 5	£'000 3
	Leasing	44	<u>41</u>
		49	44
6.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge	Moure	
	The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as for	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
	Current tax:	79	
	UK corporation tax Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(12)	<u>(19</u>)
	Total current tax	<u>67</u>	<u>(19</u>)
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Change in tax rates	(7) (18)	39 -
	Deferred tax on pension scheme Deferred tax on pension scheme - change in	224	101
	tax rate	<u>47</u>	
	Total deferred tax	246	140
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	313	121

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

6. TAXATION - continued

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2011 £'000 706	2010 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2010 - 28%)	198	64
Effects of: Adjustments in respect of prior years Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances FRS17 adjustment Losses carried forward Other	(12) 94 27 (224) (9) (7)	(19) 56 (19) (101) 5 (5)
Current tax charge	67	<u>(19</u>)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The group has an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £615,409 (2010: £684,000) that relates mainly to trading losses in National Livestock Records Limited that can be set against taxable profits arising from the same trade within that company. The asset has not been recognised, as it does not satisfy the recognition criteria for deferred tax assets under FRS 19.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value. Such tax would become payable only if the property were sold without it being possible to daim rollover relief. The total amount unprovided for the year is £285,000 (2010: £306,000).

7. PROFIT OF PARENT COMPANY

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's profit for the financial year was £191,271 (2010 \sim £46,099).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares adjusted to assume the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The shares held by the Employee Share Option Plan are deducted from total shares in arriving at the weighted average number of ordinary stares used in the earnings per share calculation.

Reconciliations are set out below.

	Earnings £'000	2011 Weighted average number of shares	Per-share amount pence
Basic EPS Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders Effect of dilutive securities	393	6,954,744	5.65
Options	-	27 <u>0,000</u>	
Diluted EPS Adjusted earnings	<u>393</u>	7,22 <u>4,744</u>	_5.44
•	•		
	Earnings £'000	2010 Weighted average number of shares	Per-share amount pence
Basic EPS Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders	109	6,983,429	1.56
Effect of dilutive securities	-		
Diluted EPS Adjusted earnings	109	6,983,429	1.56

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

COST	9.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
COST At 1st April 2010 and 31st March 2011 AMORTISATION At 1st April 2010 Amortisation for year At 31st March 2011 AET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011		Group				Goodwill
At 1st April 2010 and 31st March 2011 AMORTISATION At 1st April 2010 Amortisation for year At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group COST At 1st April 2010 At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011						
AMORTISATION At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 Cost At 31st April 2010 At 31st April 2010 At 31st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 Cost At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 Cost At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 Cost At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011		COST				
AMORTISATION At 1st April 2010 Amortisation for year At 31st March 2011 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group COST At 1st April 2010 At 1st April 2010 At 1st April 2010 At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At						
At 1st April 2010 Amortisation for year At 31st March 2011 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group Computer equipment and Motor machinery vehicles E'000 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011		and 31st March 2011				3,864
Amortisation for year At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 Computer equipment and machinery vehicles £'000 E'000 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011						
At 31st March 2011 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2010 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2010 COST At 1st April 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2011 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2010 At 31st March 2011						*
NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2010 658 Computer equipment and machinery vehicles f'000 COST At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 6,760 157 562 157 157 562 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157		Amortisation for year				
At 31st March 2010 658 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group Land and buildings £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 COST At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 Additions - 405 157 562 Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		At 31st March 2011				<u>3,416</u>
At 31st March 2010 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group Computer equipment and Motor machinery vehicles £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 COST At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 Additions - 405 157 562 Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910						
10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group Computer equipment and buildings E'000 E'000 E'000 E'000 E'000 E'000		At 31st March 2011				448
Group Land and buildings £'000 Computer equipment and machinery vehicles £'000 Totals £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 COST At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 Additions - 405 157 562 Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		At 31st March 2010				658
Land and buildings machinery vehicles Totals £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000	10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
Land and buildings machinery vehicles Totals foot		Group	•			
COST At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 Additions - 405 157 562 Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION 34						
COST £'000 £'020 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION 208 4,443 740 5,391 5,391 200 829			Land and		Motor	
COST At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 Additions - 405 157 562 Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910			buildings	machinery	vehicles	Totals
At 1st April 2010 1,759 6,753 1,057 9,569 Additions - 405 157 562 Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910			£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Additions Disposals - 405 157 562 C(225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910						
Disposals - (225) (92) (317) At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910			1,759			
At 31st March 2011 1,759 6,933 1,122 9,814 DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910			-			
DEPRECIATION At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		Disposais		_(223)	<u>(92</u>)	_ (317)
At 1st April 2010 208 4,443 740 5,391 Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		At 31st March 2011	<u>1,759</u>	6,933	1,122	9,814
Charge for year 58 571 200 829 Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		DEPRECIATION				
Eliminated on disposal - (225) (91) (316) At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910						
At 31st March 2011 266 4,789 849 5,904 NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910			58			
NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		Eliminated on disposal	-	<u>(225</u>)	(91)	(316)
At 31st March 2011 1,493 2,144 273 3,910		At 31st March 2011	<u>266</u>	4,789	<u>849</u>	5,904
At 31st March 2010 <u>1,551</u> <u>2,310</u> <u>317</u> <u>4,178</u>		At 31st March 2011	1,493	2,144	<u>273</u>	<u>3,910</u>
		At 31st March 2010	<u>1,551</u>	2,310	317	4,178

Included within group land and buildings are leasehold improvements with a net book value of £198,000 (2010 - £217,000).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Group

If freehold land and buildings had not been revalued, they would have been included at the following associated cost:

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Cost	841	841
Aggregate depreciation	228	209

Freehold land and buildings were revalued on an open market basis in March 2011 by external Chartered Surveyors, Knight Frank.

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under finance leases are as follows:

,	Computer equipment		
	and	Motor	
	machinery	vehicles	Totals
	£'000	£'000	£'000
COST			
At 1st April 2010	1,673	1,057	2,730
Additions	-	157	157
Disposals	-	(92)	<u>(92</u>)
AL 24-4 Marris 2044	1 672	1 122	2 705
At 31st March 2011	<u>1,673</u>	1,122	2,795
DEPRECIATION			•
At 1st April 2010	441	740	1,181
Charge for year	193	200	393
Eliminated on disposal	-	<u>(91</u>)	<u>(91</u>)
At 31st March 2011	634	849	1,483
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st March 2011	1,039	<u>273</u>	1,312
THE CALCUT HAT BE CALL			
At 31st March 2010	1,232	317	1,549

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company				
,	Land and buildings £'000	Computer equipment and machinery £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Totals £'000
COST			2 000	2 000
At 1st April 2010 Additions	1,460	4,327	1,057	6,844
Disposals		389 <u>(178</u>)	157 <u>(92</u>)	546 <u>(270</u>)
At 31st March 2011	1,460	4,538	1,122	7,120
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st April 2010	125	3,059	740	3,924
Charge for year	31	316	200	547
Eliminated on disposal		<u>(178</u>)	<u>(91</u>)	<u>(269</u>)
At 31st March 2011	<u>156</u>	3,197	849	4,202
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st March 2011	1,304	1,341	273	2,918
At 31st March 2010	1,335	1,268	317	2,920
Fixed assets, included in the above, which	are held unde	r finance leases Computer equipment	are as follows:	
		and machinery £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Totals £'000

Fixed assets, included in the above, which		are as follows	3 :
	Computer		
	equipment		
	and	Motor	
	machinery	vehicles	Totals
	£'000	£'000	£'000
COST	2 000	2 000	£ 000
	4 225	4.007	2 202
At 1st April 2010	1,335	1,057	2,392
Additions	=	157	157
Disposals		<u>(92</u>)	<u>(92</u>)
At 31st March 2011	<u>1,335</u>	1,122	2,457
DEPRECIATION			
At 1st April 2010	301	740	1,041
Charge for year	146	200	346
Eliminated on disposal	110		
caramaced on disposal		<u>(91</u>)	<u>(91</u>)
At 31st March 2011	447	<u>849</u>	1,296
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31st March 2011	888	273	1 161
, 10 0001 ; 101 011 moza		2/3	1,161
At 31st March 2010	1,034	317	1,351
			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Group		Interest in associated	Unlisted	
		undertaking £'000	investments £'000	Totals £'000
COST At 1st April 2010 Additions Share of post tax results Exchange differences		177 (32) (1)	5 - - -	5 177 (32) (1)
At 31st March 2011		144	5	149
NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2011		144	5	149
At 31st March 2010		-	5	5
Company			•	
Company	Investment in subsidiary undertaking £'000	Interest in associated undertaking £'000	Unlisted investments £'000	Totals £'000
	in subsidiary undertaking	in associated undertaking	investments	
COST At 1st April 2010	in subsidiary undertaking £'000	in associated undertaking £'000	investments £'000	£'000 5,946
COST At 1st April 2010 Additions	in subsidiary undertaking £'000	in associated undertaking £'000	investments £'000	£'000 5,946 177
COST At 1st April 2010 Additions At 31st March 2011 PROVISIONS At 1st April 2010	in subsidiary undertaking £'000 5,941 	in associated undertaking £'000	investments £'000	£'000 5,946 177 6,123

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

Subsidiaries

Entities in which the company has control and consolidates:

Name	Country of registration	Percentage of ordinary shares held	Activity
National Livestock Records Limited	England and Wales	100%	Services to the red meat industry
National Milk Laboratories Limited	Scotland	100%	Management information to the milk buying industry
Nordic Star Limited	England and Wales	100%	Dormant

Associates

Entities in which the company has a participating interest and incorporates on an equity accounting basis:

Name	Country of registration	Percentage of ordinary shares held	Activity
Independent Milk Laboratories	Ireland	50%	Management information to the milk buying industry

For the purposes of these financial statements the investment in Independent Milk Laboratories has been treated as an investment in an associated undertaking.

National Milk Records plc owns approximately 1% of the share capital of Uniform Agri BV.

12. STOCKS

	Gro	Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
	, £'00 0	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Consumables	320	127	226	25	

13. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	1,178	959	478	329
Amounts owed by group undertakings	· •	-	-	374
Prepayments and accrued income	539	<u>386</u>	507	347
	1,717	1,345	985	1,050

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note				
16)	303	-	527	-
Finance leases (see note 17)	442	523	442	523
Trade creditors	501	538	433	445
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	396	-
Corporation tax	79	2	•	2
Social security and other taxes	674	637	551	554
Accruals and deferred income	692	<u>580</u>	527	510
	2,691	2,280	2,876	2,034

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	£,000	£'000	£,000	£'000
Finance leases (see note 17)	474	779	474	<u>779</u>

16. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

~	Group		. Company	
	2011 £'000	2010 £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year or on Bank overdrafts	demand:	<u>-</u>	327	- -
Bank loans	200	. 	200	
	303		527	

17. OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASING AGREEMENTS

Grann				
Group			Fina	nce
			lea:	ses .
•	\$	÷,	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Net obligations repayable: Within one year			442	 523
Between one and five years			<u>474</u>	779
			916	1,302

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

17. OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASING AGREEMENTS - continued

Company		
	Fina: leas	
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Net obligations repayable: Within one year	442	523
Between one and five years	474	779
	~	1 222
. •	916	1,302
•		
The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid within	one year:	
Group		
,	Land	
•	buildi	ngs
		•
	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Expiring:	£ 000	£ 000
Within one year		156
Between one and five years In more than five years	10 100	10 30
•		
∴	<u> 110</u>	<u>196</u>
:		
Company		•
	Land buildi	
	, Dulidi	ngs
	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Expiring:		
Within one year	10	151
Between one and five years In more than five years	10 70	10

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

18. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Gro	up
	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Bank overdraft Bank loans	103 200	
Finance leases	916	1,302
:	<u>1,219</u>	1,302

The bank loan and overdraft are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets and undertakings of the company and by a legal charge over the company's freehold property.

The finance lease creditor is secured on the group's vehicle fleet and the associated computer equipment and machinery held under finance lease.

19. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Short term debtors and creditors

Short term debtors and creditors have been excluded where permitted by FRS 13.

Interest rate risk management		
*	· 2011 £'000	- 2010 £'000
Financial liabilities:		ye e
Fixed rate	(916)	(1,302)
Floating rate	(286)	
	<u>(1,202</u>)	(1,302)
Financial assets:		•
Floating rate		297
		297

Floating rate financial assets and liabilities accrue interest based on short term bank rates. The "weighted average fixed interest rate for financial liabilities during the year was 6.9% (2010: 6.9%.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

Liquidity risk management

The maturity profile of the group's financial (assets)/liabilities, excluding short term creditors such as trade creditors and accruals, is:

Medicultur			2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Maturity: Less than one year One to five years			728 - 474 -	. 523 779
			1,202	1,302
The group has a single overdraft facility	/. The amount un	utilised is analy	/sed below: •	•
•			2011 £'000 -	2010 £'000
Undrawn facilities:				
Expiring in less than one year			450	450
			450	450
Fair value of financial (assets) and	liabilities			
	Book	Fair	Book	Fair
	value	value	value	value
	2011	2011	2010	2010
•	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Finance lease liabilities	916	916	1,302	1,302
Bank loans	200	200	-,	,
Cash at bank and in hand	86	86	(297)	(297)
	1,202	1.202	1.005	1,005

All financial instruments are negotiated at arms length market rates. With the relative stability in the Group's borrowing cost, the directors believe that the book value and the fair value of the Group's financial instruments are not materially different.

20. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

;				
	Group		Company	
•	2011	2010	2011	2010
Deferred tax	£1000	£'000	£1000	£'000
Accelerated capital allowances	233	259	209	203
Other		(1)		·
4	233	258	209	203
-				
Group ;				
·			-	Deferred
- '		•	-	tax
Balance at 1st April 2010			-	£'000 258
Released to profit and loss				(25)
F				
Balance at 31st March 2011				233

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

20. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

Company				Deferred tax £'000
Balance at 1 Released to	st April 2010 profit and loss		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	203
Balance at 3	1st March 2011			209
CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
Allotted, issu	ued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2011 £'000	· 2010 £'000
7,348,329	Ordinary shares	£0.10	735	735
90	Deferred shares	£1		<u></u>
			735	735

During the year the company undertook a share consolidation exercise to reduce the number of minority shareholdings. On 24 November 2010 the 7,348,329 10p shares in issue were consolidated and converted into 22,963.52 shares, each with a nominal value of £32. These shares were then subdivided into 320 new ordinary shares of 10p each.

22. RESERVES

21.

Group	Profit and loss account £'000	Revaluation reserve £'000	Share option reserve £'000	Totals £'000
At 1st April 2010 Profit for the year	(717) 393	1,096	••	379 393
Share options granted Actuarial gains/(losses)	•	•	. 5	5
recognised in the pension scheme Deferred tax relating to	(124)		. **	(124)
pension liability	35	-		35
At 31st March 2011	(413)	1,096	5	688
Profit and loss account excluding pension liability Pension deficit	1,327 (<u>1,740</u>)		-	
Profit and loss account	(413)		٠ .	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

22. RESERVES - continued

Company				
•	Profit		Share	
	and loss	Revaluation	option	95.4.1.
	account	reserve £'000	reserve £'000	Totals £'000
	£'000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
At 1st April 2010	(672)	1,096	-	424
Profit for the year	`191 [´]	•		191
Share options granted	•	-	5	5
Actuarial gains/(losses)				
recognised in the pension	(124)			(124)
scheme Deferred tax relating to	(124)	•	-	(124)
pension liability	35	-		35
perioren nabinty		•		
At 31st March 2011	<u>(570</u>)	1,096	5	<u>531</u>
Profit and loss account	1 170			
excluding pension liability Pension deficit	1,170 (1,740)			
rension deficit	(1,740)			
Profit and loss account	(570)			
•	 '			

£3,098,000 of the distributable reserves included in the profit and loss account above are subject to consent of the Trustees of the Milk Pension Fund prior to a dividend being paid. Consent has been obtained for this year.

23. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

All permanent staff were eligible for membership of The Milk Pension Fund. The Fund is of the defined benefits type, and is funded by contributions from employees and the participating employers. The principal employer of The Milk Pension Fund is Community Foods Group Limited. Together with National Milk Records plc, participating employers include, amongst others, Genus Limited.

The latest actuarial valuation of the Fund was made by a qualified actuary as at 31 March 2009 using the projected unit method. Due to the adverse economic conditions at 31 March 2009, the actuarial valuation was updated by the actuary at 31 March 2010 to take into account changes in economic conditions since 31 March 2009 such as improvements in asset values, changes in market yields and inflation.

The updated valuation at 31 March 2010 shows the market value of the Fund's assets amounted to £311.9 million. The actuarial value of the assets of the Fund was sufficient to cover 89.8% per cent of the value of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for assumed increases in earnings. The deficit in the Fund disclosed by the updated valuation (£35.3 million for the Fund as a whole) is being addressed by increased contributions from the participating employers.

With effect from 1 June 2007, the company closed the scheme to future accrual although two non executive directors remain as active members in order that the Group complies with the scheme rules.

The valuation used for FRS 17 disclosures has been based on the most recent actuarial valuation at 31 March 2009 and updated by Barnett Waddingham to take account of the requirements of FRS 17 in order to assess the liabilities of the scheme at 31 March 2011 (using the projected unit method). Scheme assets are stated at their market value at 31 March 2011. Contributions paid during the year amounted to £552,000 (2010: £710,000). The estimated contributions for 2011 are expected to be £552,000.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

23. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - continued

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Defined benefit pension plans	
Present value of funded obligations	2011 £'000 (27,163)	2010 £'000 (27,346)
Fair value of plan assets	24,812	24,320
Present value of unfunded obligations	(2,351) 	(3,026)
Deficit Deferred tax asset	(2,351) 611	(3,026) <u>847</u>
Net liability	(1,740)	<u>(2,179</u>)
The amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:		
	Defined pensior	
	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Current service cost Interest cost	72 1,521	74 1,486
Expected return Past service cost	(1,840) 	(1,212)
•	(247)	348
Actual return on plan assets	1,335	5,611

The current service cost is included within administration expenses. The net impact of the interest cost and expected return on plan assets is included within other finance costs/income where appropriate.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	Defined benefit pension plans	
	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Opening defined benefit obligation	27,346	22,641
Current service cost	72	74
Interest cost	1,521	1,486
Actuarial losses/ (gains)	(381)	4,255
Benefits paid	(1,395)	(1,110)
	27,163	27,346

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

23. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - continued

Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows:

	Defined benefit pension plans	
	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Opening fair value of scheme assets	24,320	19,109
Contributions by employer	552	710
Expected return	1,840	1,212
Actuarial gains/ (losses)	(505)	4,399
Benefits paid	(1,395)	<u>(1,110</u>)
	24,812	24,320
•		

The amounts recognised in the statement of recognised gains and losses are as follows:

	Defined benefit pension plans		
Actuarial gains/(losses)	2011 £'000 (124)	2010 £'000 144	
	(124)	144	
Cumulative amount of actuarial gains/(losses)	(2,221)	<u>(2,097</u>)	

The major categories of scheme assets as a percentage of total scheme assets are as follows:

	• •	Defined benef pension plan:		
ū.		20	11	2010
Equities		5	9%	57%
Index linked gilts			8%	14%
Bonds		1	.9%	19%
Property	,		7%	3%
Hedge funds			<u>7%</u>	7%
		10	0%	100%

Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date (expressed as weighted averages):

•	2011	2010
Discount rate	5.70%	5.70%
Inflation assumptions (RPI)	3,50%	3.60%
Pension increases	3.50%	3.60%
Revaluation in deferment	3.50%	3.60%
Expected return on scheme assets	7.80%	7.70%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

23. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS - continued

The mortality assumptions used in the valuation of the defined benefit pension liabilities for the group are determined using 100% of the S1NxA series tables with the medium cohort projection based on the average year of birth of members.

The valuation of the defined benefit pension liabilities assumes members take 90% of their full tax free cash allowance (2010: 50%).

The expected return on plan assets is determined by considering the long-term returns and the balance between risk and reward on the various categories of investment assets held. Expected returns on equity and property investments reflect long-term rates of return experienced in the respective markets. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields at the balance sheet date.

Amounts for the current and previous four periods are as follows:

-	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
•	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£′000
Defined benefit pension pl	lans				
Defined benefit obligation	(27,163)	(27,346)	(22,641)	(24,236)	(26,570)
Fair value of scheme assets	24,812	24,320	19,10 9	22,840	23,376
Deficit	(2,351)	(3,026)	(3,532)	(1,396)	(3,194)
Experience adjustments					
on scheme liabilities	(383)	1,708	521	(314)	(426)
Experience adjustments			•		
on scheme assets	(505)	4,399	(4,392)	(1,028)	. (164)

Under the existing multi employer arrangement, all employers are jointly and severally liable. There are a number of debt events within the trust deed, which if triggered by any employer would result in all the employers having to repay, on demand, the deficit of the scheme. At the date these financial statements were approved, the directors are not aware of any such debt events being triggered.

Should any employer not be in a position to meet its obligation, say through administration or liquidation, the liability is shared amongst the other employers in a proportion determined by the trustee

Defined contribution scheme

During the year the group made employer's contributions to the two defined contribution schemes totalling £224,000 (2010: £118,000).

24. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The group has an overdraft facility of £450,000, which is secured by a fixed and floating charge on the assets of the group. The directors do not anticipate that any material liabilities will arise.

25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Shareholders

The company provided £11,000,000 (2010: £11,700,000) of services to its shareholders. These services were provided to shareholders in the normal course of trade and at arm's length prices. At the year end there was £100,000 owed to the company in respect of these services (2010: £275,000). Three members of the Board are also customers of National Milk Records plc. All services are provided at arm's length and are not considered material to either the group or the individuals.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

26. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

Group		
•	2011	2010
	£′000	£'000
Profit for the financial year	393	109
Other recognised gains and losses		
relating to the year (net)	(89)	104
Transfer of minority interest	-	77
Share options granted	5	
Net addition to shareholders' funds	309	290
Opening shareholders' funds	1,114	824
Closing shareholders' funds	1,423	1,114
·	47,120	
Company		
Company	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Profit for the financial year	191	46
Other recognised gains and losses		
relating to the year (net)	(89)	104
Share options granted	5	-
Net addition to shareholders' funds	107	150
Opening shareholders' funds	1,159	1,009
		
Closing shareholders' funds	1,266	1,159

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2011

27. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The Company Share Option Plan (CSOP) was introduced in August 2010. Under the scheme the directors can grant options over shares in the company to employees of the group. Options are granted with a fixed exercise price equal to the market price of the shares under the option at the date of grant. The contractual life of the options is 10 years and options granted under the scheme will become exercisable on the third anniversary of the date of grant, subject to continuous employment.

Options were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. No performance conditions were included in the fair value calculations. The fair value per option granted and the assumptions used in the calculation are as follows:

Grant date	12 August 2010
Share price at grant date	28.00p
Exercise price	. 28,00p
Number of employees	4
Shares under option	270,000
Vesting period (years)	3
Expected volatility	20%
Option life (years)	10
Expected life (years)	5
Risk free interest rate	5.0%
Fair value per option	8.16p

The expected volatility is based on historical volatility. The expected life is the average expected period to exercise. The risk free rate of return is the yield on a zero-coupon UK Government bonds of a term consistent with the assumed option life.

All options granted during the year remain outstanding at 31 March 2011. The options outstanding at 31 March 2011 have a remaining contractual life of 9.25 years and an exercise price of 28.00p. The weighted average fair value of options granted in the year was £22,032. The share price and option exercise price above equate to the weighted average exercise and share price for the period.

28, ESOP TRUST

The purchase of the shares owned by the Trust was funded by an interest free loan from National Milk Records plc. All expenses incurred by the Trust are settled directly by National Milk Records plc and charged in the financial statements as incurred. The trust currently holds 393,585 shares (2010: 364,900). At the year end there were 270,000 shares under option to employees (2010: Nil).

The company adopted UITF Abstract 38 "Accounting for ESOP Trusts" in 2004/5. The UITF requires the cost of shares held by ESOPs to be shown as a deduction from equity shareholders funds, whereas they were previously shown as investments in the company balance sheet. The current market value of the shares held by the ESOP's Trust is approximately £151,530.

